I. **Title**  
*Patient Discharge*

II. **Policy**  
To optimize compliance with a patient’s post-hospital plan of care, an assessment of the patient’s actual and potential discharge planning needs shall be initiated upon admission. A multidisciplinary team that may include the physician, registered nurse, care manager, and social worker, together with the other members of the health care team, shall perform the assessment. A plan to meet these needs shall be developed, and interventions to meet specific discharge planning goals shall be designed. The plan shall be monitored and revised as necessary throughout the patient’s hospital stay.

Verbal communications concerning discharge or the discharge planning process shall be conducted in layman’s terms using the patient’s preferred language. Written discharge instructions shall also be provided, using materials that have been translated into the patient’s preferred language whenever possible. If the patient is a minor, the preferred language of the responsible parent or guardian shall be used.

**Note:** For security reasons, communication regarding the discharge of TDCJ offender patients is coordinated through TDCJ Care Management. Information of this nature shall only be released to authorized security and medical staff on a need-to-know basis.

A quality patient discharge involves the interdisciplinary team including the patient, the patient’s family or caretaker, and licensed medical providers and staff involved in the patient’s care, treatment, and services (e.g., nursing and therapy staff) to assist the patient in meeting their health care goals. When patients are admitted, the Care Management department will assess the patient for potential barriers to discharge and anticipate any services they may need. They will take into consideration such things as: the patient’s funding source, physical location of the patient and support personnel in relation to the service, patient/family preference based upon past experience, and other relevant factors to develop a collaborative discharge plan with the patient and the patient’s family.

If post-acute care services are required, UTMB providers will not recommend or show preference for one service over another and shall leave the choice of the service provider to the patient and/or the patient’s family.

UTMB respects the diverse cultural needs, preferences, and expectations of the patients and families it serves to the extent reasonably possible while appropriately managing available resources and without compromising the quality of health care delivered.

III. **Roles in Discharge Planning**  
At the time of discharge, the following tasks will be accomplished by the disciplines indicated, as
Nurse Care Manager (NCM) or Social Worker (SW):
1. Complete a Case Management Social Functional Assessment to evaluate and reassess post discharge needs.
2. Identify payor to determine discharge options based on the patient needs.
3. Refer unfunded patients and patients with limited resources to government program(s) or other community resource options.
4. Verify and confirm the patient/family discharge plan is safe, smooth, and sustainable. Provide education regarding continuing care, treatment, and services that the patient will need. Confirm transportation, DME, supplies, and medications.
5. Confirm understanding of discharge plan with patient/family.
6. Document discharge plan/disposition in the EMR.

Physicians:
1. Inform the patient and family/caregiver(s) of the discharge date (except for TDCJ offender patients).
2. Discuss the post-discharge plan of care.
3. Establish time for follow-up appointment(s), if applicable.

Nurses:
1. Complete the discharge planning screening to identify those patients identified as being at risk for adverse health consequences upon discharge without adequate discharge planning.
2. Ensure that all necessary patient teaching has occurred.
3. Assist in contacting the patient’s family or caregiver(s) to inform them of the discharge date and confirm transportation arrangements.
4. The nurse caring for the patient must complete the discharge instructions.
5. Provide patient and family/caregiver(s) with the discharge instruction sheet on prescribed treatments, medications, diet, activity level, and scheduled follow-up appointments, if any. Provide written discharge instructions to discharged TDCJ offender patients and their health unit providers using Patient Discharge Instructions Medical Record Form.
6. Ask the patient and family/caregiver(s) to verbalize their understanding of the discharge instructions and give a demonstration of any care procedures.
7. For follow-up appointments at UTMB clinics, verify that a follow-up appointment has been made.
9. Confirm correct discharge status completed in the medical record.

Respiratory Therapists:
1. Determine home respiratory medical equipment needs.
2. Provide patient/family education on medications, medical equipment, and therapy procedures to be performed at home.
3. Participate in interdisciplinary assessments to help determine necessity of home oxygen.
4. Participate in interdisciplinary discharge planning rounds and conferences.

Physical and Occupational Therapists:
1. Share discharge recommendations for equipment needs and follow-up physical and/or occupational therapy (e.g., outpatient, home health, Skilled Nursing Facility (SNF), inpatient
rehab, long-term care, early intervention or school-based programs) with the physician and medical staff through documentation in the medical record and verbal reports during rounds or team meeting times.

2. Provide all patient/family/caregiver education and training in a written format and document all education and training services in the medical record.

**Dietitians:**
1. Participate in interdisciplinary discharge planning rounds and conferences.
2. Assist medical staff with nutrition regimens.
3. Instruct patient/family/caregiver regarding nutrition regimens and any dietary modifications as indicated.
4. Inform patient and family of available community resources, if needed.
5. Document recommendations for follow-up nutrition services as indicated. (e.g., SNF, dialysis center, or other points in the continuum of care).

**Pharmacists:**
1. Assist medical staff with drug regimens.
2. May provide patient/family/caregiver with medication information.

**NOTE:** UTMB informs other service providers who will provide treatment or services to the patient at discharge or transfer about the following:
1. The reason for the patient’s discharge or transfer
2. The patient’s physical and psychosocial status
3. A summary of care, treatment, and services it provided to the patient
4. The patient’s progress toward goals
5. A list of community resources or referrals made or provided to the patient.

**IV. Required Documentation**
The following information must be documented in the patient’s discharge note or on appropriate approved forms in the medical record:

1. Provision of all discharge-related patient/family/caregiver education.
2. Availability of transportation.
3. Assessment of availability and readiness of family or other caregiver(s) to assist with the care of the patient at home.
4. Availability of assistance from community resources, including referrals to other health care agencies, as appropriate.
5. Availability of medical equipment, supplies, and medication as indicated.
6. Follow-up plan.

**V. Against Medical Advice (AMA)/Away Without Leave (AWOL)**
Patients leaving the hospital against medical advice (AMA) should be asked to sign the AMA release form. A patient’s refusal to sign the AMA release form should be documented in the nurse’s discharge note. Documentation shall be made in the Nurse’s Notes regarding the status of the patient upon AMA discharge or prior to being absent without leave (AWOL) from the unit, as well as notification of physician and nursing administrator.
Patients who have been issued a pass but fail to return at the designated time will be placed on AWOL status by physician’s order and discharged.

VI. Relevant System Policies and Procedures
TDCJ 03.01.006, The TDCJ Discharge Planning Process

VII. Related UTMB Policies and Procedures
IHOP - 09.01.02 - Management of Patient Belongings
IHOP - 09.01.08 - Inpatient Absence for Personal or Therapeutic Reasons
IHOP - 09.01.09 - Delayed Discharge of Newborns
IHOP – 09.01.13 – Discharge Planning
IHOP - 09.01.15 - Adoption from the Nurseries
IHOP - 09.13.09 - Interdisciplinary Admission Assessment and Reassessment
IHOP - 09.13.30 - Medication Reconciliation

VIII. Dates Approved or Amended

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IX. Contact Information
Department of Case Management
(409) 772-1541