I. **Title**  
*Determining Hospital and Emergency Department Diversion (Saturation) Status*

II. **Policy**  
As a result of the Emergency Treatment and Active Labor Act (EMTALA) regulations, determining the capacity and the operational status of the UTMB Emergency Department (ED) and UTMB Hospitals are extremely important. Determinations regarding capacity and operational status are an on-going responsibility assigned to UTMB’s Health System Administration, the Emergency Department Nursing Leadership and the Emergency Department/Trauma Service Physician Leadership.

III. **Determining Bed Capacity and Facility Diversion (Saturation) Status**  
The Patient Placement Center (PPC) coordinates with the Clinical Operations Administrator (COA) or equivalent, which will monitor personnel, resource, and bed availability. If it is determined that the conditions described below are met, Health System Administration On Call, the Emergency Department Nursing Leadership, and the Emergency Department/Trauma Service Physician Leadership will evaluate all data and make the final determination that UTMB will be placed on the diversion (saturation) status applicable to the circumstances existing in the facility. If UTMB is on diversion (saturation) status, transfers may not be accepted for services that are on diversion (saturation) status, due to a lack of capacity and/or capability to care for the patient. This status will be updated and documented in EMResource and re-evaluated every 4 hours. Note: EMTALA does not require UTMB to accept inpatient-to-inpatient transfers, but inpatient transfers may be accepted on a case-by-case basis.

IV. **Termination of Diversion (Saturation) Status**  
If it is determined that the conditions prompting diversion (saturation) status have resolved, the Health System Administrator On Call, the Emergency Department Nursing Leadership, and the Emergency Department/Trauma Service Physician Leadership will evaluate all available data and make the final determination that UTMB will cease to be on diversion (saturation) status.

V. **Conditions for Consideration of Diversion (Saturation)**  
A. **Trauma Diversion (Saturation):**  
   - Two Trauma patients requiring emergency surgery and no operating rooms available; or  
   - Two critically injured (intubated) Trauma patients in the Trauma bays and no ICU beds available; or  
   - The number of patients exceeds personnel available to provide care and no beds available.

B. **Medical Diversion (Saturation):**  
   - Two or more Medical ICU patients awaiting beds; or  
   - The number of patients exceeds personnel available to provide safe care.
C. Neurosurgery Diversion (Saturation):
   • Two or more active surgeries, one of which is traumatic, consider activating neurosurgery diversion (saturation) at the discretion of the neurosurgery attending on call.

VI. Relevant Federal and State Statutes

   Emergency Medical Treatment and Active Labor Act [EMTALA] – 42 USC Sec. 1395dd
   State Operations Manual Appendix V – Interpretive Guidelines – Responsibilities of Medicare Participating Hospitals in Emergency Cases (Rev. 60, 07-16-10)

VII. Related UTMB Policies and Procedures

   IHOP - 09.01.12 - Interfacility Transfer of Patients from UTMB
   IHOP - 09.01.16 - Admission of Interfacility Transfer Patients
   IHOP - 09.01.21 - Examination and Treatment for Emergency Medical Conditions and Women in Labor

VIII. Dates Approved or Amended

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<tr>
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IX. Contact Information

   Emergency Services – Administration
   (409) 772-9067