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Small Volume Aerosol Treatment (Hand-Held) Formulated: 07/85	Effective: 10/17/94 Revised: 01/31/12 Revised: 08/15/23

Small Volume Nebulizer Treatment (Hand-Held)

Purpose To standardize the delivery of inhalation aerosol drug therapy via small volume (hand-held) nebulizer.

Policy Respiratory Care Services will provide equipment and therapy for the aerosolization of pharmacological agents to maintain airway patency and provide clearance of retained secretions.

Accountability/Training

- All Respiratory Care Services Clinical Personnel.
- Training must be equivalent with the minimal technician entry level in the Respiratory Care Service with understanding of age specific requirement of the patient population being treated.

Physician's Order The written physician's order must include:

- Type of solution/medication.
- Amount/dose to be delivered.
- Frequency/duration.
- Mode of administration.

Indications

- Bronchial hygiene.
- Medication administration.
- Patient FEV₁/FVC measurement is inadequate.

Goals Aid bronchial hygiene:

- Hydrate dried, retained secretions.
- Promote expectoration.
- Deliver medication.

Contra-indications None indicated unless the patient exhibits sensitivity.

Equipment

- Only disposable equipment will be used. Obtain from appropriate stock area.
- Mouthpiece, tracheostomy mask, T-piece, face tent, or aerosol mask.
- Small volume Nebulizer Kit (includes small volume nebulizer with T-piece, vinyl tubing and flex tubing.
- Appropriate flow meter.

Procedure

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Step	Action
1	Check Epic physician's order. Verify patient ID
2	Wash hands.
3	Explain purpose of therapy and procedure to the patient.
4	Plug flow meter into Medical Air or Oxygen 50psi wall outlet.
5	Attach T-piece to top of nebulizer.
6	Attach one end of the vinyl tubing to the nipple adapter of the flow meter. Attach other end of tubing to the adapter on the bottom of nebulizer.
7	Add proper medication to small volume nebulizer.
8	Attach mouthpiece to one end of nebulizer T-piece and the flex tubing to the other end of the T-piece. Label with date that nebulizer was set up. Nebulizers are to be changed after 7 days of use.
9	If using alternate appliance (i.e., Trach mask, aerosol mask) connect appliance to top of nebulizer.
10	Position patient in semi-Fowler's sitting position as tolerated.
11	Monitor patient's respiratory rate and pulse prior to beginning treatment and auscultate the patient's chest.
12	Turn on flow meter to 8-10 L/min.
13	Begin treatment. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If using a mouthpiece, have patient place mouthpiece on top of tongue, holding it gently between the teeth with lips sealed around it. If patient is alert but unable

**Procedure
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Step	Action
13 continued	to make a seal, use lip seal and/or nose clips. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • If an aerosol mask is necessary, gently extend patient's head and bring mask down over nose, then lower over mouth. • If patient is intubated or trached, attach adapter to tube or use trach collar.
14	When administering therapy to a patient on mechanical ventilation attach the small volume nebulizer in-line with the inspiratory side of the circuit, proximal to the patient wye. Power the nebulizer via the nebulizer button on front of ventilator. Remove set-up from circuit when treatment is completed.
15	Instruct patient to take slow deep breaths during course of treatment with a 3-5 second inspiratory hold, if tolerated.
16	Monitor patient's RR and pulse during and after treatment and notify physician of any significant changes.
17	Encourage any spontaneous cough during treatment and ask patient for voluntary cough following treatment. Note patient's effort and sputum production.
18	Auscultate the patient chest.
19	To reduce the incidence of pneumonia and other respiratory tract infections; discard remaining contents of solution in nebulizer, using a single use alcohol swab to wipe out each nebulizer in-between treatments and allow SVN to dry before putting away.
20	Place equipment in patient plastic equipment bag.
21	Chart on RCS treatment card, MAR and in Epic per RCS Policies # 7.1.1 and # 7.1.2.

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Discontinuation of Orders

The patient will be evaluated after every treatment. Based on the assessment the therapist will make recommendations for changes in therapy or discontinuance as needed.

Undesirable Side Effects

- Airway obstruction resulting from the swelling of dried, retained secretions that result in partially plugged airways.
- Bronchospasm from the aerosol droplets and certain medications.
- Adverse side effects of medications.
- Drug re-concentration.

Assessment of Outcome

The effectiveness of small volume aerosol treatment will be judged on how well it accomplishes the stated clinical goals. Observation of the following should be noted on the RCS flow sheet and in the patient progress notes. Includes, but is not limited to:

- Sputum - color, amount, consistency.
- Auscultation - comparison of pre- and post-treatment breath sounds; breath sounds improved.
- Arterial blood gas measurement and/or pulse oximetry.
- Work of breathing - evaluating the ventilatory pattern, use of accessory muscles; decreased WOB.
- Color – presence of cyanosis.
- Patient's subjective response ("breathing easier").
- FEV₁/FVC and/or peak flow improvement. (If ordered, measured before and after treatment)

Patient Teaching

Step	Action
1	Explain to the patient why he/she is receiving small volume aerosol treatment. Relate it to the disease or injury

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	state.
2	Instruct proper body alignment for maximal breathing efficiency.
3	Proper cough instruction or cough assistance.
4	Instruct patient to breathe through the mouth or trach and to breathe slowly and deeply - a slight inspiratory pause is ideal.
5	Instruct patient to breathe diaphragmatically to assure that the maximum distribution and deposition of aerosol will occur in the basilar areas of the lung.
6	Alert patient to possible onset of strong cough.
7	As a result of the educational aspects of this therapy, the patient should be able to verbalize and demonstrate understanding of this therapy.

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Infection Control Follow procedures outlined in [Healthcare Epidemiology Policies and Procedures #2.24; Respiratory Care Services](#)

Safety

- Instruct patient and visitors in safety rules for oxygen.
- Safety guidelines as outlined in section 3.6 of this manual will be followed.

References

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